

2015년 충남 8월 고3 수능모의학력평가

영어 영역

성명	<input type="text"/>	수험 번호	<input type="text"/>
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- ◆ 문제지의 해당란에 성명과 수험 번호를 정확히 쓰시오.
- ◆ 답안지의 해당란에 성명과 수험 번호를 쓰고, 또 수험 번호와 답을 정확히 표시하십시오.
- ◆ 문항에 따라 배점이 다르니, 각 물음의 끝에 표시된 배점을 참고하십시오. 3점 문항에만 점수가 표시되어 있습니다. 점수 표시가 없는 문항은 모두 2점씩입니다.

※ 시험이 시작되기 전까지 표지를 넘기지 마시오.

영어 영역

시간 : 70분

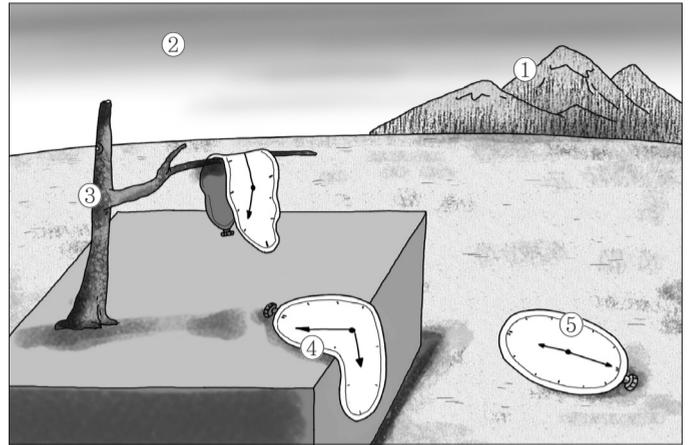
점수 : 100점



1번부터 17번까지는 듣고 답하는 문제입니다. 1번부터 15번까지는 한 번만 들려주고, 16번부터 17번까지는 두 번 들려줍니다. 방송을 잘 듣고 답을 하기 바랍니다.

- 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
 - Your desk is really organized. You're so tidy.
 - Take it easy. Just try to recall where you put it.
 - I got it. I'll get you one when I come back home.
 - You're right. You have to replace it with a new one.
 - You're lucky to get it back. Be careful from now on!
- 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
 - Right. I'm looking forward to meeting you.
 - That's a little early. I have a meeting at 4:00.
 - I didn't know there was a meeting yesterday.
 - I guess I won't feel bad about missing it then.
 - It will be helpful to have meetings with them.
- 다음을 듣고, 남자가 하는 말의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
 - 도서관 임시 휴관을 공지하려고
 - 도서관 독서 토론회를 소개하려고
 - 도서 대출 절차 간소화를 건의하려고
 - 도서관 단수 사고의 경위를 설명하려고
 - 도서관 이용에 관한 설문조사를 부탁하려고
- 다음을 듣고, 여자가 하는 말의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
 - 실내 운동 시 유의사항
 - 규칙적인 운동의 중요성
 - 어깨 통증을 완화하는 운동법
 - 약물 치료가 필요한 어깨 통증 증상
 - 장시간 컴퓨터 사용이 건강에 미치는 영향
- 대화를 듣고, 두 사람의 관계를 가장 잘 나타낸 것을 고르시오.
 - 축구 선수 — 기자
 - 환자 — 안과 의사
 - 학생 — 보건 교사
 - 고객 — 안경점 직원
 - 학부모 — 체육 교사

6. 대화를 듣고, 그림에서 대화의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.



- 대화를 듣고, 여자가 남자에게 부탁한 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
 - to lend her a travel magazine
 - to help her choose a washing machine
 - to go shopping together at the mall
 - to repair her old washing machine
 - to deliver her new washing machine
- 대화를 듣고, 남자가 여자를 데리러 갈 수 없는 이유를 고르시오.
 - 출장을 가야 해서
 - 아내와의 약속을 지켜야 해서
 - 도서관에 책을 반납해야 해서
 - 상사 대신 회의에 참석해야 해서
 - 이틀 뒤에 갈 여행 준비를 해야 해서
- 대화를 듣고, 남자가 지불할 금액을 고르시오. [3점]
 - \$23
 - \$28
 - \$36
 - \$40
 - \$45
- 대화를 듣고, 연극에 관해 두 사람이 언급하지 않은 것을 고르시오.
 - 주연 배우
 - 제목
 - 주제
 - 관람료
 - 시작 시간
- Guam International Music Festival에 관한 다음 내용을 듣고, 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.
 - 8월 20일부터 8월 27일까지 개최된다.
 - 클래식 음악가들을 초대한다.
 - 유명한 연주자들이 괌 심포니 오케스트라와 함께 공연한다.
 - 유료 공연이므로 미리 좌석을 예약해야 한다.
 - 안내 책자는 괌 아트센터에 있다.

12. 다음 표를 보면서 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 주문할 디지털 사진틀을 고르시오.

Digital Photo Frames — Best Buy

	Resolution (pixels)	Internal Memory	Remote Control	Price
① Aluratek 1	320×240	10 GB	×	\$38.99
② Aluratek 2	800×480	10 GB	×	\$68.99
③ VidPro 1	800×480	30 GB	○	\$79.99
④ VidPro 2	800×600	30 GB	×	\$88.99
⑤ VidPro 3	1024×768	50 GB	○	\$119.99

13. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [3점]

Man: _____

- ① You did not tell me about these problems.
- ② I lived in a big apartment in New York City.
- ③ You see, I've decided to look for a new job.
- ④ It sounds like the kind of place I'm looking for.
- ⑤ There's an apartment complex around the corner.

14. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [3점]

Woman: _____

- ① Don't worry. I'll be there around 3:30.
- ② Really? I didn't know that he likes steak.
- ③ Cheer up. I know you can win the competition.
- ④ There's nothing I can do. You should have come earlier.
- ⑤ No, we didn't have enough time to prepare for the debate.

15. 다음 상황 설명을 듣고, Olivia가 Michael에게 할 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Olivia: _____

- ① That reminds me of a famous painter.
- ② As a child, I dreamed of being a painter.
- ③ Don't give up. I'm sure you will succeed.
- ④ Congratulations! Your dream has come true.
- ⑤ A dream is but a dream. Think no more of it.

【16~17】 다음을 듣고, 물음에 답하십시오.

16. 여자가 하는 말의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① benefits of not eating out
- ② how to save money on food
- ③ necessity of eating raw foods
- ④ ways to make food more fresh
- ⑤ why fast food is not good for your health

17. 언급된 식품이 아닌 것은?

- ① pizza ② milk ③ potatoes
- ④ spaghetti ⑤ carrots

이제 듣기·말하기 문제가 끝났습니다. 18번부터는 문제지의 지시에 따라 답을 하기 바랍니다.

18. 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Dear Customer:

Due to an unexpected price increase from our manufacturer in Italy, we are forced to raise the dealer's prices of all our imported handmade leather women's shoes (all sizes and all colors) by 4.7 percent, effective September 1. Orders entered before that date will be charged at our old price levels. However, we hope that you will understand that this across-the-board increase, which is caused by inflation as well as higher production and labor costs, is beyond our control. We do appreciate your business and look forward to a continuing relationship with your company.

Sincerely yours,
Paul Parker

* across-the-board: 전면적인

- ① 제품 수리비를 청구하려고
- ② 할부금 납부를 독촉하려고
- ③ 제품 가격의 인상을 통지하려고
- ④ 제품에 대한 만족도를 조사하려고
- ⑤ 제품 배송 지연에 대해 사과하려고

19. 다음 글에 드러난 필자의 심경으로 가장 적절한 것은?

One day Terry Adams asked me if I'd like to introduce the Up with People show at a high school in Des Moines, Iowa. My job was to thank and recognize the local sponsors and then to welcome the audience to the show. It was only a three-minute speech, but it was an important three minutes. I put on the same business suit I had purchased for my interview earlier that year and walked onto a stage in front of an audience of 3,000 Iowans. As soon as the spotlight hit my face, though, I froze. I couldn't seem to get a single word out of my mouth. I forgot what city we were in. I forgot the first sponsor's name. I forgot everything. I could feel beads of sweat flowing down my forehead. I could see my hands shaking. The butterflies in my stomach were uncontrollable. For what seemed like an eternity, I stood there speechless.

- ① angry ② lonely ③ excited
- ④ bored ⑤ nervous

20. 다음 글에서 필자가 주장하는 바로 가장 적절한 것은?

“Walk your talk,” said my father many years ago. As an adult I have seen that too many of us are locked into the philosophy of “say one thing and do another.” When we act in this manner we confuse our own reasoning as well as others’ reasoning. Ever run a red light, then lean over to your child and say, “Do as I say, not as I do”? Same thing. Everyone is baffled. Why is it okay for you, but not your child when he drives? Likewise, our credibility is lowered when one set of rules applies to one group or one individual and another set of rules applies to the rest. You are the boss. You have “No Smoking” signs posted, yet you are allowed to light up. Why is it okay for you and not for your employees? How can they respect you and your judgment when you show off your authority? Say what you mean, even if it means you don’t say much. Then follow through.

* baffle: 당황[당혹]하게 하다

- ① 말과 행동이 일치될 이루어야 한다.
- ② 자녀 교육은 일관성이 있어야 한다.
- ③ 뚜렷한 인생철학을 갖고 있어야 한다.
- ④ 원만한 대인 관계를 중요시해야 한다.
- ⑤ 정직을 최고의 덕목으로 삼아야 한다.

21. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

[3점]

In a study by some researchers, several groups of participants were given instructions on levels of meaningful writing and integrative processing, and then were asked to write. The researchers found that higher-level meaning instructions led to higher personal meaningfulness of the pieces the participants were writing. Finding meaning in what they were writing led the participants to make more behavioral changes. Perhaps this is because when we write about something that is meaningful, we gain tools to understand the situation we are writing about. So, if an individual writes about a problem they are facing, perhaps by expressing themselves, they are realizing and reflecting on different perspectives of the situation. This allows them to alter their behavior accordingly.

- ① advantages of writing over speech
- ② ways to make writing meaningful
- ③ importance of writing on a regular basis
- ④ relationship between writing and intelligence
- ⑤ effects of meaningful writing on behavioral changes

[22~23] 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

22. It has been stated that dramatic play helps the child develop from a purely egocentric being into a person capable of sharing and of give-and-take. In dramatic play, children create a world of their own in which to master reality. They try in this imaginative world to solve real-life problems. They repeat, reenact, and relive these experiences. In the book *Understanding Children’s Play*, the authors observe that through this activity children are given an opportunity to imitate adults. They are also encouraged to play out real-life roles with intensity, to express their own most pressing needs, to release unacceptable impulses, to reverse the roles usually taken to try to solve problems, and to experiment with solutions. If adults encourage such behavior by providing the place, the equipment, and an atmosphere in which a child feels free, dramatic play is a natural and healthy manifestation of human growth.

- ① A Variety of Characters in Dramatic Play
- ② Socialization through Repetitive Learning
- ③ Give-and-Take as a Basic Human Activity
- ④ Dramatic Play: A Stage for Children’s Growth
- ⑤ Egocentrism: A Major Characteristic of Infants

23. If your eyes are apt to skip ahead, scanning for dialogue or drama, violence or scandal, skimming over passages of description, it may be that you’re reading a bad novel. You’d better read a better one. But it may be that your capacity to delay gratification has been eroded and you need to retrain your brain to slow down and digest. Your therapy is to read a novel one page at a time — no more, no less. A page before you go to sleep, a page when you wake in the morning, a page as you eat your lunch. The point is to allow whatever you read to trigger your thoughts, and then to spend time with these thoughts. Do you want to live your life on the surface, just picking the icing off the cake? Sometimes chewing on a piece of really good bread is the most satisfying part of the meal. It’s certainly the part that will fuel you through the rest of your day.

[3점]

* icing: (케이크에 장식용으로 쓰는) 당의(糖衣)

- ① Don’t Skip: Read One Page at a Time
- ② Too Busy to Read? Listen to Audiobooks
- ③ Experience Is More Important than Books
- ④ Don’t Read the Summary Before Reading the Book
- ⑤ Don’t Read Alone, Find a Book Discussion Group

24. John Harvard에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

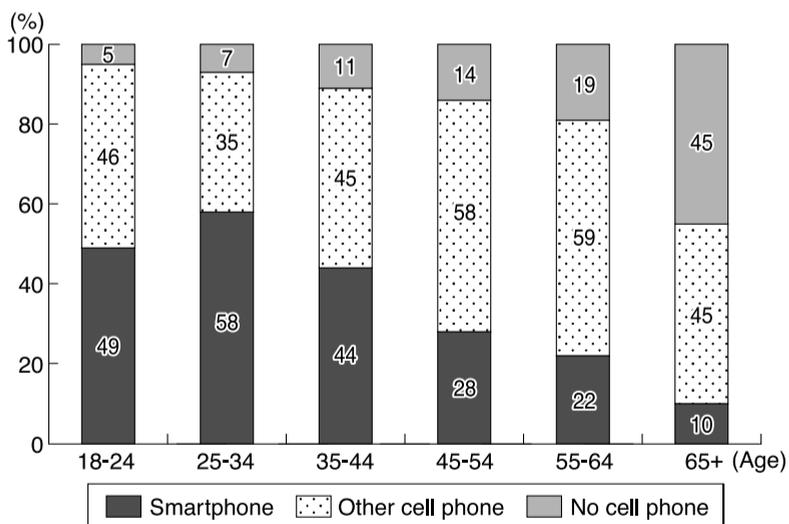
John Harvard did not found Harvard University, as is commonly believed. The Puritans founded it collectively for the purpose of training young ministers. The university, however, honors the name of John Harvard, a butcher's son and a graduate of Cambridge University. John Harvard married Ann Sadler, the sister of a classmate, in 1636 and he emigrated with her to the New World in 1637 to be a preacher in Charleston. Unfortunately, disease ran rampant in the colonies and John Harvard died of tuberculosis in the fall of 1638. Although he never attended Harvard, he donated half of his estate and his library of 400 books to the then unnamed college at his death. In honor of the great donation, the school was named after him, Harvard College.

* rampant: 만연하는

- ① 하버드 대학교를 설립하지 않았다.
- ② 정육점 주인의 아들이었다.
- ③ 1636년에 급우의 누이와 결혼했다.
- ④ 관광을 하기 위해 신세계로 왔다.
- ⑤ 재산의 절반을 대학에 기부했다.

25. 다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

The Percentage of Smartphone & Cell Phone Owners in the U.S. by Age Group in 2013



The graph above shows the percentage of smartphone and other cell phone owners in the U.S. by age group in 2013.

- ① Americans aged 25-34 had the highest percentage of smartphone ownership.
- ② The age group that showed the highest percentage of other cell phone ownership was 55-64, which was followed by 45-54.
- ③ The older the age group, the higher the percentage of Americans who had no cell phones.
- ④ In the age group 65 and older, the percentage of other cell phone owners was the same as that of those who had no cell phones.
- ⑤ The age group that showed the lowest percentage gap between smartphone owners and other cell phone owners was 18-24.

26. Summer Theater Camp에 관한 다음 안내문의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

Summer Theater Camp
Calling all performers aged 7 through 14

Come and learn acting, singing, and dancing as you rehearse the musical *Aladdin*. Whether you are a beginner or experienced performer, this fast-paced, musical theater production camp will prepare you for final performances in front of your family and friends.

- * **Dates:** August 3-16 (2 weeks) 9:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m.
- * **Location:** The Historic Pittsburg California Theater
- * **Cost:** \$200 (Pittsburg resident) / \$520 (Non-resident)
- * **Shows:** Saturday, August 15, 7:00 p.m.
Sunday, August 16, 7:00 p.m.
- * **Registration Period:** July 13 to July 25, 2015 (All registration is conducted online at www.pittscenter.org.)

- ① 무대 경험이 있는 사람만 참가할 수 있다.
- ② 8월에 일주일동안 진행된다.
- ③ Pittsburg 주민에게는 200달러의 참가비를 받는다.
- ④ 8월 15일에 두 번의 공연이 있다.
- ⑤ 7월 25일부터 등록이 시작된다.

27. Bounce Back & Thrive Program에 관한 다음 안내문의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Bounce Back & Thrive Program

Bounce Back & Thrive (BBT) is an evolving evidence-based resiliency skills training program for parents with children under eight years of age. Children can participate, too.

- * **This program is designed:**
 - to help you and your children “bounce back” from everyday stress and hard times
 - to relieve stress and calmly solve problems and conflicts
 - to help your children handle disappointment, anger, and frustration
- * **Where:** Anne Frank Public School
- * **When:** Every Monday starting August 24 to October 30, 2015 / It starts at 7:00 p.m. and ends at 9:00 p.m.
 - Light refreshments will be provided.
 - The number of parents and children who can participate is limited to 40.
 - To register and for further information contact:
Email: Oksana.majaski@yrdsb.ca / Phone: 905-738-5497

* resiliency: 회복력

- ① 아이가 있는 부모를 대상으로 하며 아이들도 참여 가능하다.
- ② 아이들이 실망감, 분노, 좌절감에 대처하는 것을 돕는다.
- ③ 매주 월요일 오후 7시부터 9시까지 진행된다.
- ④ 참여할 수 있는 부모와 아이들의 수에는 제한이 없다.
- ⑤ 등록을 하려면 이메일이나 전화를 이용할 수 있다.

28. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점]

Do you suffer from FoMO? If so, you're not alone. FoMO stands for "fear of missing out," which is a term coined to describe anxiety about not knowing (A) that / what is going on in others' lives. The desire to keep up with others' activities is not new, but social media have kicked it into overdrive. People who have a high fear of missing out are more likely than others (B) check / to check and send messages when driving and to check emails and text messages during class. But that's just part of the problem. FoMO is also interfering with people's effectiveness on the job. Effective communicators make eye contact 60% to 70% of the time, but many people today make eye contact less than that — sometimes as little as 30% of the time. A big part of the reason for the decreased eye contact (C) is / to be all the attention being paid to digital devices.

- | | (A) | | (B) | | (C) |
|---|------|-------|----------|-------|-------|
| ① | that | ..... | check | ..... | to be |
| ② | that | ..... | to check | ..... | to be |
| ③ | what | ..... | to check | ..... | is |
| ④ | what | ..... | to check | ..... | to be |
| ⑤ | what | ..... | check | ..... | is |

29. 밑줄 친 대상이 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

A poor man stood idly watching some fishermen. Seeing one of them with a basket full of fish by his side, ① he said, "If I had a catch like that, I'd sell it and buy some food and clothes." "I'll give you that many fish if ② you do a small favor for me," said the fisherman. "What do you want me to do?" came the reply. "Just tend this line a while. I've got some business to do." Gladly the young man accepted the offer. After the man left, the trout continued snapping at the baited hook. Soon ③ he lost all his depression in the excitement of pulling in a large number of fish. When the angler returned, ④ he said to the young man, "I'll give you everything you've caught. And I hope you've learned a lesson. ⑤ You mustn't waste time merely wishing for things. Instead, get busy and cast in a line for yourself."

30. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? [3점]

Many officials in troubled cities ① wrongly imagine that they can lead their city back to its former glory with some massive construction projects. It's a blind belief that struggling cities can build themselves out of decline and that new buildings lead to urban success even if the existing stock of housing and office space ② exceeds demand. Successful cities typically do build, because economic vitality makes people ③ reluctant to pay for space. But building is the result, not the cause, of success. Overbuilding a declining city that already has more structures than it needs is nothing but ④ foolishness. City planners need to be realistic. The real payoff of the investments in amenities lies in ⑤ attracting the skilled residents who can really make a city rebound, especially if those residents can connect with the world economy.

* amenities: 편의 시설

【31~33】 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

31. Symbols are ambiguous, which means their meanings aren't fixed in an absolute way. The meanings of words vary based on the positions and values of those who use them. *Government regulation* may mean positive assistance to citizens who are suffering from pollutants emitted by a chemical company. To owners of the chemical company, however, *government regulation* may mean complying with costly measures to reduce pollution. Although the words are the same, their meanings vary according to _____. Many symbols have an agreed-on range of meanings within a culture. Thus, we all understand that *dog* means a four-footed creature, but each of us also has personal meanings for the word based on the dogs we have seen. We've all seen dynamic speakers, yet we may differ in our notions of what concrete behaviors would lead us to label a speaker *dynamic*.

- ① the regional and racial dialects
- ② individuals' identities and experiences
- ③ the frequency and extent of their use
- ④ educational and religious backgrounds
- ⑤ the kinds and versions of dictionaries available

32. Diversity and independence are important because the best collective decisions are the product of disagreement and contest, not consensus or compromise. An intelligent group, especially when confronted with cognitive problems, does not ask its members to modify their positions in order to let the group reach a decision everyone can be happy with. Instead, it figures out how to use mechanism — like market prices, or intelligent voting systems — to aggregate and produce collective judgments that represent not what any one person in the group thinks but rather, in some sense, what they all think. Paradoxically, the best way for a group to be smart is for each person in it to _____.

* aggregate: 종합하다

- ① try to escape from cognitive problems
- ② think and act as independently as possible
- ③ stay silent until the group's decision is made
- ④ change their opinions depending on the situation
- ⑤ say and behave as if they are committed to the group

33. If we believe that a change in our bodies is not a symptom of illness, we will probably _____. For example, if you are fair-skinned and have spent too much time in the sun, there is a chance that you may develop some form of skin cancer. The first signs are often round discolorations of the skin. You could look at one of these developing spots and believe that it is a blemish or a pimple, or that it was always there. Now when you look at your skin, you may try to draw attention to parts that look great, ignoring the developing skin spots. You confirm your bias that you are fine and cancer-free by thinking that you have often had those spots, off and on, and they never meant anything before. You may even think that you have been feeling especially great recently, so it could not be the beginning of a problem.

[3점]

* blemish: 티

- ① get rid of our undesirable qualities
- ② follow the actions or beliefs of others
- ③ be insensitive to our limited knowledge
- ④ look for information to support that belief
- ⑤ base judgments on information easily available

34. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Because art is not science, even the very basic rules seem to be general. This is where artistic talent takes over, and intuitively, some people know better than others how to make the best choices and create masterpieces in the absence of any and all precise rules. Artists, like all people, have their own favorites, such as colors in paintings, rhythms and musical instruments in music, words in writing, and so on. _____ (A) _____, if you carefully observe the paintings of different artists, chances are that you will soon identify their favorite colors. You might even detect their favorite subjects depicted repeatedly throughout their works in one way or another. This is because an artist's mind is where his or her soul is and often — consciously or unconsciously — where one's soul is, is where one's attention or focus is. _____ (B) _____, what appeals to them the most creeps into their works. The painter that liked horses frequently used them in his paintings.

(A) (B)

- ① In contrast Hence
- ② In contrast That is to say
- ③ As a result However
- ④ For example However
- ⑤ For example That is to say

35. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

Doctor-patient communication is the heart of health care. But what if doctors assume they've communicated to their patients in a clear manner when that may not be the case? ① According to a study by two doctors, Douglas Olson and Donna Windish, fifty-seven percent of patients could correctly state their diagnosis; seventy-seven percent of doctors thought their patients understood their diagnosis. ② Twenty-five percent of patients who were prescribed a new medication while in the hospital said that their doctors never told them they were receiving a new medication; one hundred percent of doctors stated they at least informed patients of new medications. ③ Eighty-two percent of patients said that online reviews influenced their willingness to be treated by a doctor, so many doctors tried to improve their online reputation. ④ Nine percent of patients said their doctors discussed possible adverse effects of medications; eighty-one percent of doctors stated they described adverse effects at least some of the time. ⑤ Healthcare organizations strongly emphasize that patients are entitled to effective communication.

[36~37] 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

36.

[3점]

If something is perceived to be rare or hard to find in any way, then it must be valuable. There are numerous examples of this in our daily lives.

- (A) It relates to psychological reactance. Human beings of all ages have an innate instinct to want what they cannot have. This can be seen when two-year-olds get very angry when told that they cannot have something.
- (B) Marketing campaigns announce that “there's nothing else like our product” to show how rare it is. Supermarkets declare a particular item restricted to “two per customer” to demonstrate that availability is limited.
- (C) Even the classic advertising trick “Act now, this deal won't last long!” plays on our desire to seize a rare opportunity. The idea that we can have something that is not readily available to everyone else, nor perhaps even available to us at a later time, is powerful. Why does this work on us?

* reactance: 유도 저항

- ① (A) - (C) - (B)
- ② (B) - (A) - (C)
- ③ (B) - (C) - (A)
- ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

37.

Until recently, it was typical for Western hospital workers to take newborn babies to nurseries where sophisticated monitoring devices could be used to ensure the babies' health.

- (A) Since the accidental discovery in Bogota, hospitals in the United States have reported that premature babies who experience skin-to-skin contact with their moms are less fussy and calmer than babies who do not.
- (B) To keep the babies warm, hospital workers placed the naked babies on their mothers' naked chests. The babies thrived — more than they had when wrapped in blankets. Because the skin-to-skin contact between mothers and babies is similar to that of kangaroo moms and babies, the technique was called “kangaroo care.”
- (C) The wisdom of separating newborns from mothers was challenged by an accidental finding from a hospital in Bogota, Colombia. In the 1980s, the hospital experienced a serious lack of resources, including blankets used to wrap newborns.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (A) - (C)
- ③ (B) - (C) - (A) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

【38~39】 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.

38.

Finally, in the third year, Mr. Knotts asked for a chair, which was risky because not even the main actor, Andy Griffith himself, had a chair with his name on it.

Andy Griffith backed up his fellow actors on *The Andy Griffith Show*. (①) Don Knotts, who played Barney Fife, was a comic actor whom the writers liked to feature on the show. (②) Of course, all this work was good for Mr. Knotts, but it was physically tiring. (③) On many shows, the lead actors have chairs with their names written on them because if their names aren't written on the chairs, extras tend to sit on them, forcing the stars to stand up. (④) Unfortunately, no such chairs were available for the lead actors of *The Andy Griffith Show*. (⑤) Mr. Griffith overheard the request, knew why Mr. Knotts was requesting it, and soon all the lead actors, including Frances Bavier, who played Aunt Bee, had chairs.

39.

Over the summer break, the student government replaced or fixed the bikes, but despite its pleas to treat the bikes as if they were their own, the same thing happened the following fall.

A few years ago, the student government association at Berry College purchased twenty bicycles to be placed around campus for everyone's use. (①) These bicycles were marked with a plate reading “Berry Bike.” (②) Students were encouraged to take them whenever they needed them and leave them anywhere on campus for others to use when they were finished. (③) Within two months, most of these high-quality bikes were severely damaged or lost. (④) It wasn't that the students at Berry College were inherently destructive; after all, there were no problems on campus with privately owned bikes being lost or abused during this time. (⑤) There is no denying the strong incentive that private ownership creates for owners to care for their property.

40. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

In a study, a researcher gave baseball batters two different tasks. First, he played a tone during their swing and asked them to note whether it was high or low in pitch. This task had no effect on their performance. But then he asked the batters to focus on whether the bat was moving upward or downward when the tone was played. “Basically, we tried to get them to pay greater attention to their swing, which isn't what they usually do,” he said. “And when they did that, it hurt them really badly.” Because they've rehearsed it so many times over the years, baseball batters can typically execute a perfect swing without giving it any thought. This study confirmed this: under zero pressure, batters each swung the bat smoothly and consistently. Yet when he had them pay extra attention to the process of swinging, the batters suddenly performed far worse than if they were given no instructions.



As baseball batters were more (A) of the process of swinging, their performance tended to (B).

- | | |
|-------------|---------------|
| (A) | (B) |
| ① confident | improve |
| ② confident | change |
| ③ conscious | suffer |
| ④ conscious | improve |
| ⑤ fearful | suffer |

【41~42】 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하십시오.

When we watch a spider crawl up someone's leg, we get creepy sensations on our leg. When we see someone in danger, we experience fear. When we see someone's arm get stung with a sharp needle, the muscles in our arms tense up and our breathing intensifies. When we watch our favorite Olympic athlete near the finish line about to win first place, our heart races with excitement.

How can simply observing others lead us to experience such intense responses so similar to those experienced by the people we are observing? The answer is found in our brain cells. Mirror neurons help explain how we effortlessly "read" other people's minds and empathize with them. Mirror neurons automatically put us in somebody else's shoes. Not convinced? Just consider brain scan research that finds that romantic partners who observe loved ones in pain show similar activity in their emotional brain areas as that experienced by the loved ones. It turns out that when we empathize with someone's pain, on some level we actually feel the same pain!

One fascinating characteristic of mirror neurons is that they are the only brain cells that are activated the same way whether we are "seeing" or "doing." These special neurons _____ what the other person is doing. For instance, when we see someone smiling, our mirror neurons for smiling get activated, which triggers neural activity leading to feelings associated with smiling, such as happiness. In other words, we get all the benefits of smiling without making even the slightest movement of our lips!

41. 위 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① Dynamic Coordination in the Brain
- ② The Brain: From Neurons to Behavior
- ③ Do Mirror Neurons Give Us Empathy?
- ④ How Do Our Minds Share Experiences?
- ⑤ Mirror Neurons and the Evolution of the Brain

42. 위 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점]

- ① judge ② copy ③ forget
- ④ value ⑤ know

【43~45】 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하십시오.

(A)

My wife and I were driving to a state park in the mountains. We were traveling on a hilly, winding road. Around the bend sat a van parked sideways, nearly covering both lanes of traffic. A very old, very skinny hand reached out the driver's window, waving us by. We slowly drove alongside the van, and an elderly woman inside asked if we could help (a) her. She told us her hip was broken, and she needed help to her house on the hill.

(B)

Cautiously, we approached the van, and discovered that she was alone. She had a bunch of groceries in the back, and she told me to grab the groceries as my wife helped her out of the van and up each step to her house. I got quite a shock when I got to the top of the steps with the groceries. The old woman had already put my wife to work; I watched in disbelief as she instructed (b) her to put down mousetraps for her! I asked if there were any other chores to do, and I inquired about her situation.

(C)

She informed me that she was recovering from a broken hip and that she had someone to help her to her van. Someone else helped her at the grocery store as well. She just needed more help once she got home. I was stunned that she was waiting by the road for any random person to assist (c) her. She told us that we were angels, and that car after car had just driven by. She thanked us and told us how grateful she was for stopping and helping her.

(D)

She pointed to the house, and there were at least 60 steps leading up to the house on a hill nearby. The whole thing was very strange, and we were uneasy. Was (d) she attracting our attention only to deceive us, and were we being set up to be robbed? Was anyone hiding in the van? How can you drive with a broken hip? We had a lot of questions. We looked at her, and we looked at each other. We decided that we had to help her. We pulled over to the side of the road, and (e) she did the same.

43. 주어진 글 (A)에 이어질 내용을 순서에 맞게 배열한 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① (B) - (D) - (C) ② (C) - (B) - (D) ③ (C) - (D) - (B)
- ④ (D) - (B) - (C) ⑤ (D) - (C) - (B)

44. 밑줄 친 (a)~(e) 중에서 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

- ① (a) ② (b) ③ (c) ④ (d) ⑤ (e)

45. 위 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

- ① 필자와 필자의 아내는 언덕이 많고 구불구불한 길을 여행하고 있었다.
- ② 필자와 필자의 아내는 할머니가 혼자 승합차에 있는 것을 보았다.
- ③ 필자의 아내는 할머니가 승합차에서 나오는 것을 도왔다.
- ④ 할머니는 자신이 엉덩이를 다쳐 회복 중이라고 필자에게 알려주었다.
- ⑤ 필자와 필자의 아내는 할머니에 대해 의심하지 않고 차를 세웠다.

※ 확인 사항

○ 답안지의 해당란에 필요한 내용을 정확히 기입(표기)했는지 확인하십시오.

※ 시험이 시작되기 전까지 표지를 넘기지 마시오.

