



12. English essay contest에 관한 다음 내용을 듣고, 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.

- ① 독도에 관한 국제적 관심을 높이기 위한 행사이다.
- ② 주제에 관한 새로운 증거를 제시하면 높은 점수를 얻는다.
- ③ 원고와 함께 사진을 제출해야 한다.
- ④ 원고는 이메일로 보내야 한다.
- ⑤ 수상자에게는 독도 왕복 티켓 비용의 일부를 지원한다.

13. 다음 그림의 상황에 가장 적절한 대화를 고르시오.



- ①
- ②
- ③
- ④
- ⑤

14. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Man: \_\_\_\_\_

- ① Don't use a cell phone while driving.
- ② You must have been so embarrassed.
- ③ I didn't know you're a school bus driver.
- ④ Why didn't you ask the driver to slow down?
- ⑤ You should have hung up the phone saying no.

15. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Woman: \_\_\_\_\_

- ① I don't get easily stressed out.
- ② These days I feel pain in my wrist.
- ③ I got a good grade on the last exam.
- ④ I don't want to keep a journal any more.
- ⑤ I'm under pressure studying for the finals.

16. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Man: \_\_\_\_\_

- ① It's a deal. Good for both of us.
- ② Cool! I'll stop reading and go swimming.
- ③ Come on. Feel free to share your opinion.
- ④ I disagree. It's not a good idea for your health.
- ⑤ Okay. You should read more for your mental sharpness.

17. 다음 상황 설명을 듣고, Jane의 엄마가 Jane에게 할 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Jane's mother: \_\_\_\_\_

- ① I wish you better luck next time.
- ② Don't be silly. You'll be fine without it.
- ③ Congratulations! This is your lucky day.
- ④ Take it easy. The T-shirt doesn't look so bad.
- ⑤ That's why some people believe in superstition.

이제 듣기·말하기 문제는 다 끝났습니다. 18번부터는 문제의 지시에 따라 답을 하기 바랍니다.

18. 밑줄 친 These가 가리키는 것으로 가장 적절한 것은? [1점]

These come in different shapes and sizes, but they are all alike in some way. They are tall enough to catch the strong winds that blow high above the ground. They have a wheel, which is the part that spins. The wheel has paddles, sails, or blades for the wind to push against. When the wind blows, the wheel spins. This makes a push that runs a water pump or an electricity generator. Water pumped by them can be stored in tanks and electricity made when they run can be stored in batteries. You can use the stored-up water and the reserved electricity in your home.

- ① 돛
- ② 도르레
- ③ 물레방아
- ④ 풍차
- ⑤ 댐

19. 밑줄 친 it이 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

Once during my early months in a Japanese company, I wrote a letter to my client. I put it into an envelope and gave ① it to the office lady who gathered the mail daily. The next day my boss said to me with ② it in his hand. "Mr. Bruce, I'm afraid we cannot mail this letter." "Why not?" I assured him that it contained important office business. "It's not the letter," he said, "It's the envelope. You left out the Japanese character for *sama* [a more formal, written version of *san*]. I'm sorry, but we cannot mail this without ③ it." Would the company really not mail ④ it without the Japanese equivalent of "Mr." or "Ms."? In fact, ⑤ it came back to me because the company refused to send any envelope that did not contain the proper title of respect.

20. 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은? [1점]

As most of you know, we have been talking for several months with the people at NJ & K about merging our two companies. We are pleased that the details have been worked out and we'll be combining our businesses. We are looking forward to a long and successful alliance with NJ & K, since our products complement each other so well. This notification is to let you know that we'll be moving our offices and people to Montreal. We know that this will be difficult and troublesome for some of you, but we sincerely believe that it is in the best interests of our new company. We hope that all of you will join us in this exciting opportunity.

- ① 회사 창립 기념식에 초대하려고
- ② 사업 확장을 위한 투자를 권유하려고
- ③ 기업 인수에 따른 문제점을 제기하려고
- ④ 신규 사업 계획과 고용 계획을 안내하려고
- ⑤ 기업 합병에 따른 사무실 이전을 공지하려고

21. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?

In China it has never been rare for emperors to paint, but Huizong took it so seriously that the entire Northern Song Dynasty is thought (A) to fall/to have fallen because of it. He was from a long line of artistic emperors, who added to the Imperial collections and held discussions about painting, calligraphy, and art collecting. Collecting was easy for Huizong —if he wanted a painting, the owner would have to hand it over. When he inherited the throne, at age nineteen, (B) it/which was expected that he would continue his ancestors' royal patronage. This he did, but spent so much of the next twenty-five years (C) involving/involved in art that he ignored his official duties.

- |   |                |       |       |       |           |
|---|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|
|   | (A)            |       | (B)   |       | (C)       |
| ① | to fall        | ----- | it    | ----- | involved  |
| ② | to fall        | ----- | which | ----- | involving |
| ③ | to have fallen | ----- | it    | ----- | involving |
| ④ | to have fallen | ----- | it    | ----- | involved  |
| ⑤ | to have fallen | ----- | which | ----- | involved  |

22. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은? [3점]

Energize your life by starting each day with gratitude. When you wake up, before you do anything else, stop and count your blessings. Then find something special about each day ① that you can be thankful. It's a great way to get each day ② started on a positive note, and it can make a major difference throughout the day. ③ Actively practicing gratitude on a regular basis will keep you in touch with the very best of your possibilities. It will enable you to see opportunities and utilize resources which may otherwise have remained ④ hidden. So in a very real sense it will add value to each moment of the day. There are many good things in your life, waiting for you to fully appreciate and enjoy. When you do this, those positive things will grow ⑤ even stronger.

23. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

Since our attention is most likely to be drawn to the center of the screen, movie directors generally place main elements near or slightly above it. For the purpose of dramatic effects, however, this standard is often violated. ① They put the important elements in the top third of the screen to create a sense of dominance. ② Characters displayed this way look especially powerful or threatening because they look down on us or on other characters or objects. ③ Likewise, the actors and crew are required to follow the directors' instructions precisely. ④ On the other hand, the opposite effect can be achieved by locating characters in the lower portion of the frame. ⑤ The characters in this position look especially vulnerable or helpless.

[24~28] 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

24. On December 26, 2004, a terrible tsunami occurred in some Asian countries. More than 250,000 people were killed. However, Tilly Smith, a ten-year-old British girl, saved over 100 lives using \_\_\_\_\_. She was on Maikhao beach in Thailand, and she noticed that the water started to "go funny" and the tide went out all of a sudden. Then she remembered her teacher's description of a tsunami. Tilly realized that a tsunami wave was coming, and she shouted for the people to get off the beach. She knew they had approximately 10 minutes before the big wave hit land. Fortunately, the people on the beach and in the nearby hotel paid attention to her alert and ran to high ground. No one was killed or hurt in that area because Tilly paid attention in her geography class.

- ① lifeboats
- ② animal behavior
- ③ map reading
- ④ a weather forecast
- ⑤ classroom knowledge

25. A primary source of environmental problems is the fact that pure air, clean rivers, and other environmental resources are \_\_\_\_\_. Suppose you are raising sheep, and you and your neighbors share a common piece of land for grazing. To increase your income, you want to raise more sheep and graze them on the land. If you do, you may damage the land by overgrazing, but you will gain the entire benefit of raising additional sheep and share only part of the cost of the damage done to the common property. So you add another sheep to your herd and then perhaps another. Everyone else using the shared land makes the same calculation, however, and in their own self-interest, they add to their herds. Eventually, overgrazing is severe enough to destroy the commons. In Aristotle's words, "What is common to the greatest number gets the least amount of care."

- ① limited to humans
- ② hard to conquer
- ③ public, not private, goods
- ④ everlasting property
- ⑤ obstacles for industrial development

26. We volunteer at schools, shelters, and food banks. We give millions each year to charitable organizations. On a more intimate level we make chicken soup for sick friends or stop to help strangers with car trouble. Yet many of us are reluctant to request aid when we need it. Pride, embarrassment, not wanting to be a burden, or fear of rejection can keep us from seeking help, even when we very well may be in need. Needing help is not a weakness. It may be a challenge and a risk to ask for help, but that gives us one more opportunity to grow and learn. \_\_\_\_\_ requires examining our own needs and accepting areas where there is room for improvement in our lives. We are called to put aside our egos and admit that we are not totally self-sufficient.

- ① Reaching out to others
- ② Helping people in need
- ③ Speaking well of others
- ④ Finding what makes us work
- ⑤ Joining the volunteer organization

27. Recently some officials in India started a program designed to \_\_\_\_\_ using carnivorous turtles. According to them, the turtles happily eat both animal and human corpses. This is significant because among some religious groups, disposing of bodies in rivers is a common practice. In addition to their willingness to consume flesh, turtles also loosen the earth along the river banks, making it easier for plants to survive at the water's edge. The plants, in turn, help fight erosion at the bank, and some plants actually contribute to the water's purification. If the turtle experiment succeeds in a few states, it will be implemented throughout India.

\*carnivorous 육식성의

- ① diversify religious rituals
- ② clean up and revive rivers
- ③ preserve endangered animals
- ④ construct multipurpose dams
- ⑤ research food chain patterns

28. Some kinds of spiders weave thick white bands of silk across the centers of their webs. The purpose of these extra bands is to \_\_\_\_\_. The bands make the webs many times more visible. Scientists discovered the purpose of the extra bands while observing the spiders in Florida. They noticed that songbirds would change their flight directions suddenly just before flying into clearly marked webs. The white bands seemed to serve as markers to warn off birds that might tear the webs. The birds themselves benefited from noticing the webs. Flying into the webs left their feathers covered with sticky threads. The same phenomenon was observed in the case of butterflies and other large insects as well.

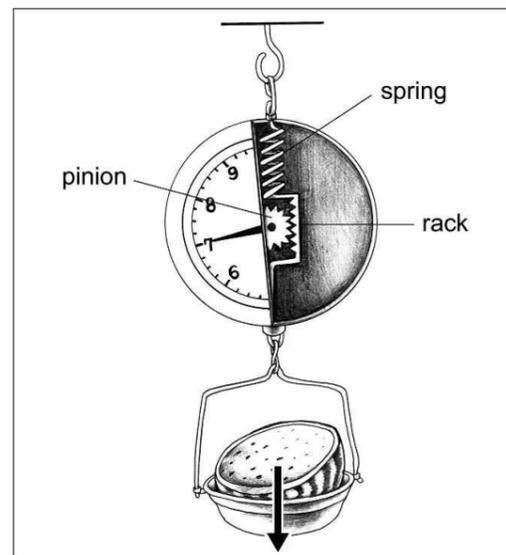
- ① warm the spiders' bodies
- ② help the spiders move their prey easily
- ③ attract birds and insects into spiders' webs
- ④ change their colors to escape from natural predators
- ⑤ prevent birds and large insects from damaging the webs

29. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Reading has always been envied by those who rarely give themselves that advantage. The man who is not in the habit of reading is (A) restricted/restored in his immediate world. His life falls into a set routine; he is limited to contact and conversation with a few friends and (B) acquaintances/acquisitions, and he sees only what happens in his immediate neighborhood. But the moment he takes up a good book, he is immediately put in touch with one of the best talkers of the world. This talker leads him to a different country or a different age. Now to be able to live two hours a day in a different world and take one's thoughts off the claims of the immediate present is, of course, a (C) penalty/privilege to be envied by people shut up in their bodily prison.

- | (A)          | (B)                 | (C)             |
|--------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| ① restricted | ----- acquaintances | ----- penalty   |
| ② restricted | ----- acquaintances | ----- privilege |
| ③ restricted | ----- acquisitions  | ----- penalty   |
| ④ restored   | ----- acquisitions  | ----- privilege |
| ⑤ restored   | ----- acquaintances | ----- penalty   |

30. 용수철 저울 그림에 대한 다음 글의 내용 중, 밑줄 친 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?



The above figure shows how a spring scale measures the weight of an object, using a rack and pinion gear system. The rack is the series of evenly spaced teeth attached to the ① bottom end of the spring; the pinion is the ② toothed wheel attached to the dial needle. This system converts the small linear motion of the stretching spring into a much more visible ③ rotary motion of the dial needle. When you place an object in the basket, the basket starts ④ descending and as it does, the spring stretches. As the spring stretches, the rack moves downward, and its teeth cause the pinion to rotate. The farther the rack moves, the more the pinion turns, and the ⑤ lower the weight indicated by the needle.

31. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

While interacting with others, people are also simultaneously interacting with themselves, somewhat like talking to themselves. In this internal interaction, they create within themselves images of the other people and then interact with these images rather than with the other people.

\_\_\_\_\_(A)\_\_\_\_\_, when people are interacting outwardly with others, they are, in reality, interacting inwardly with their own images of those people. This process contradicts the popular belief that the world "out there"—such as the other person—is, by itself, real. If the world out there is real without being defined as real by us, we will all interact in the same way with the other person, who, after all, is exactly the same person. \_\_\_\_\_(B)\_\_\_\_\_, we do not all interact in the same way because we are not really interacting with the same person but instead with our own different images of that person.

- |              |       |             |
|--------------|-------|-------------|
| (A)          |       | (B)         |
| ① Instead    | ----- | Likewise    |
| ② Similarly  | ----- | Moreover    |
| ③ Otherwise  | ----- | Therefore   |
| ④ Thus       | ----- | However     |
| ⑤ Conversely | ----- | As a result |

[32~33] 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

32. When a person moves from a cool, rainy, and coastal region to a hot, dry, and mountainous area, a number of physiological changes must be undergone that allow survival in the new environment. The human body changes in order to regulate body temperature more efficiently. To keep from overworking the heart, the body's heart rate slows down. Additionally, the body perspires less to prevent dehydration. Furthermore, people who are unaccustomed to living in high altitudes usually have trouble breathing because of the decreased oxygen levels. So the human body causes an increase in red blood cells, which makes it possible for humans to breathe at higher altitudes.

- ① 혈액순환과 건강과의 상관관계
- ② 기후 변화로 인한 거주지의 다양화
- ③ 적혈구의 증가가 호흡에 미치는 영향
- ④ 환경 변화에 따른 인간의 신체 적응력
- ⑤ 고지대에 거주하는 사람들의 외형적 특징

33. To understand human behavior, it is essential to grasp the ideas of inferiority. All people develop some sense of inferiority because they are born completely helpless and remain that way throughout childhood. It is a normal condition for all people and a source of all human striving. Life becomes a process of finding ways to become less inferior. Feelings of inferiority can be the wellspring of success rather than being considered a sign of weakness or abnormality. In many cases, the moment we experience inferiority, we are pulled by the striving for superiority. The goal of superiority pulls people forward toward mastery and enables them to overcome obstacles, thus contributing to the development of human community.

- ① positive aspects of inferiority
- ② external motivation for success
- ③ unpredictability of human behavior
- ④ the pleasure of achieving our goals
- ⑤ differences between inferiority and superiority

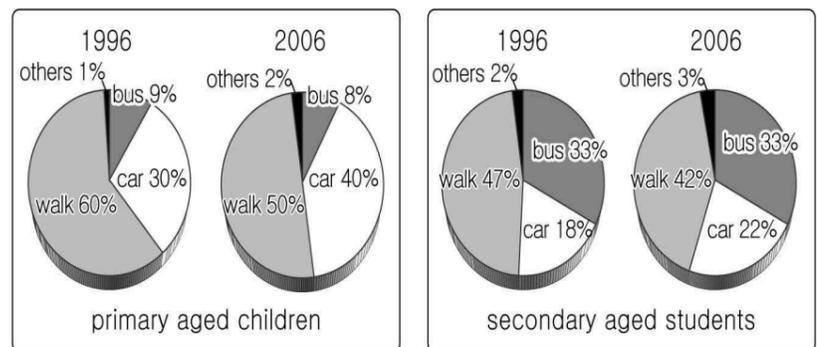
34. 다음 글의 주장으로 가장 적절한 것은?

According to the Korea Tourism Organization, Japanese visitors accounted for almost half of inbound tourists in 2007 with 2.3 million. Chinese travelers came in second with 420,467. The majority of foreign tourists visiting Seoul come from non-English speaking countries, but English is still the dominant language in cyberspace offering information about Korea. Due to the lack of promotional web sites in foreign languages other than English, travelers whose mother tongue is not English have limited access to information about Korean tourism. It's time for the government to increase the budget for foreign language services online. More manpower needs to be allocated to provide diverse language services for greater efficiency.

- ① 인터넷 상의 관광 정보를 다양한 외국어로 제공해야 한다.
- ② 관광 산업 활성화를 위해 외국어 교육을 강화해야 한다.
- ③ 관광지의 잘못된 외국어 표기를 바로잡아야 한다.
- ④ 영문 관광 안내 책자의 보급을 확대해야 한다.
- ⑤ 관광 홍보 예산 집행을 투명하게 해야 한다.

35. 다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 문장은?

Travel to School by Age (1996 / 2006)



The above charts show clear differences between the travel to school of primary and secondary aged students in 1996 and 2006. ① In each age group, more walked than used any other single mode of travel. ② For primary aged children, the second most used mode for school travel was the car. ③ And the proportion of school trips by car for primary school children increased from 30 to 40 percent, with a corresponding reduction of trips on foot from 60 to 50 percent. ④ There was a greater decrease in the percentage of secondary aged students walking to school than primary aged children. ⑤ Furthermore, about a third of secondary school students used buses, and this proportion remained stable over the indicated period.

36. marathon dancing에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

Marathon dancing is a dance activity that became popular in the Great Depression. During this period, many unemployed people competed in the contests in order to achieve fame or win monetary prizes. This craze began when Alma Cummings danced non-stop for 27 hours, wearing out six different partners, gaining brief national fame for her feat. Realizing that good money could be made from commercializing the contest, entertainment promoters systematically held this kind of contest all over the country. They charged admission to spectators and awarded a winner with a cash prize. People could enter solo or with a specific partner. Some competitions lasted from three to four days and dancers were not even permitted to lie down to sleep.

- ① 경제적 호황 속에서 유행했다.
- ② Alma에게 전국적인 명성을 안겨 주었다.
- ③ 연예기획사의 관심을 끌지 못했다.
- ④ 대회 관람료는 무료였다.
- ⑤ 대회 출전은 2인 1조로 제한되었다.

37. nine-banded armadillo에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

The nine-banded armadillos are found only in the United States. When startled, they can jump straight upward about four feet into the air. This reflex may help scare off predators in the wild. It's amazing to look at them crossing water. They can inflate their stomachs with air and float across the water, or sink down and use their sharp claws to walk across the bottom. It's possible because they can hold their breath for six minutes or more! They always give birth to the same gender quadruplets from a single egg. The Latin name for the nine-banded armadillo is *Dasypus novemcinctus*. The word *Dasypus* is derived from the Latin word for rabbit, *novem* means nine, and *cinctus* means band. Literally, it translates to "nine-banded rabbit." It is said that armadillos without their shells resemble rabbits.

\*quadruplets: 네 쌍둥이

- ① 공중 점프로 적을 쫓아 버릴 수 있다.
- ② 공기로 배를 부풀려서 물을 건너기도 한다.
- ③ 물속에서 6분 이상 숨을 참을 수 있다.
- ④ 하나의 알에서 암컷과 수컷이 동시에 부화한다.
- ⑤ 라틴 이름의 어원에는 토끼라는 의미가 담겨 있다.

[38~39] 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

38. New ideas or sudden realizations are almost always the product of the mind working unconsciously on a problem, using materials stored up through long study and conscious thought. The greater the storehouse of your knowledge and the wider its range, the more creative you will be. The interactions of your diversified knowledge are so subtle and so sophisticated that their results cannot be predicted. New inventions are made through creatively combining various types of knowledge. When Benjamin Franklin flew a kite into a storm to investigate the properties of electricity, he did not foresee the wonderful inventions that future students of his discoveries would produce—the washing machines, microwave ovens, or television sets. Nor did many of the inventors of these devices foresee them while they studied Franklin's work.

- ① 무의식적 행위가 창의성을 저해한다.
- ② 문명의 발전이 인간 소외를 가속화시킨다.
- ③ 사고의 전환을 통해 문제해결이 가능하다.
- ④ 역사적 사실을 통해 미래를 예측할 수 있다.
- ⑤ 다양한 지식의 축적이 창의력을 증진시킨다.

39. According to a study released in France, the habitats of wild bird species are shifting in response to global warming, but not fast enough to keep pace with rising temperatures. The study showed that the geographic range of 105 birds species in France—accounting for 99.5 percent of the country's wild avian population—moved north, on average, 91 kilometers from 1989 through 2006. Average temperatures, however, shifted northward 273 kilometers over the same period, nearly three times farther. The fact that some birds have responded to climate change had already been noted in individual species. What surprised researchers was that the shift held true for virtually all birds, and that the gap with the rising temperatures was big and getting bigger. These mismatches are likely to become greater over time, and could eventually threaten some birds with extinction.

- ① Birds cannot keep up with climate change.
- ② It is difficult to identify bird migration routes.
- ③ The number of birds migrating north is increasing.
- ④ Actions for preventing avian influenza are required.
- ⑤ Global warming has been increasing the number of birds.

40. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

Drug companies spend almost a year to get ready for the flu season. That's because it takes about nine months to make all the vaccine that will be given out in flu shots.

- (A) The virus in the egg white is treated with a chemical so it won't get people sick. Several strains of the virus are mixed into one vaccine, processed and then shipped out to doctors.
- (B) Once the strains are chosen, the virus is injected into fertilized chicken eggs to grow. After several months, technicians remove the egg white, which contains the flu virus.
- (C) Making the vaccine for millions of flu shots isn't easy. There are many strains of the flu, so the first step is deciding which strains to vaccinate against.

\*strain: 변종

- ① (A) - (C) - (B)
- ② (B) - (A) - (C)
- ③ (B) - (C) - (A)
- ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

[41~42] 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

41. Microorganisms live in large numbers in groundwater at great depths(as much as several thousand meters), where they constitute a huge biomass. These microbes draw their energy from reactions involving chemicals and minerals in rocks. These reactions, aside from serving as a source of energy for the microbes, continue the weathering process underground. The chemicals released by the microbes during these reactions can cause deterioration of water quality. Groundwater contamination by microbes can be found near leaky residential septic tanks as well. These containers, widely used in neighborhoods that lack full sewer networks, are settling tanks buried at shallow depths in which bacteria decompose the solid wastes from household sewage.

\*septic tank: 정화조

- ① Abundant Energy from Microbes
- ② Decomposition of Underground Soil
- ③ Underground Water, Pretty Safe to Drink
- ④ Chemicals and Minerals in Underground Water
- ⑤ Microorganisms, Cause of Water Contamination

42. Though most people study *gi* for health reasons, the Russians may have used it for other purposes. They secretly made a machine using *gi* energy. The machine looked like a fighter pilot's helmet, but with a lot of wires and computer attachments on its outside. According to a Russian scientist who worked on this project, test subjects would put the helmet on their head, direct their eyes at their target, and concentrate. After a few seconds the targets would begin to react strangely. "We were able to achieve success (death) with small animals. Larger animals and humans would just get hot and sweaty," said the scientist. This program was stopped in the mid 1960s, when Russia decided to focus more on the space race with the United States to reach the moon.

- ① Competitive Space Race
- ② *Gi* as a Possible Weapon
- ③ Freedom to Work Creatively
- ④ Relations between *Gi* and Health
- ⑤ Helmet: Equipment for Clinical Treatment

43. 다음 글의 상황에 나타난 분위기로 가장 적절한 것은?

The sun was already setting as they reached the bank. Suddenly the damp earth beneath Shaun's sneakers gave way. With a cry he slid down the steep bank. He grabbed wildly at protruding branches to stop himself, but they all broke in his hands. The shock of freezing water took Shaun's breath away. Before he could react, the strong current swept him out to the center of the creek. On the bank, Roger raced back and forth, barking frantically. As his master was carried down the stream, Roger paralleled his progress on the shore, watching Shaun. Without hesitation, the dog launched himself off the bank. Roger tried repeatedly to grasp Shaun's shirt in his teeth, but his clumsy efforts just pushed the boy farther under the water.

- ① desperate and urgent
- ② funny and humorous
- ③ dynamic and festive
- ④ solemn and sacred
- ⑤ peaceful and romantic

44. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

In real life, however, our scripts are far more general and ambiguous.

When we interact, we behave like actors by following scripts that we have learned from others. These scripts essentially tell us how to behave in accordance with our statuses and roles. But this stage analogy has limitations. ( ① ) On stage, the actors have a detailed script that allows them to rehearse exactly what they will say and do. ( ② ) They cannot tell us precisely how we are going to act or how the other person is going to act. ( ③ ) In fact, as we gain new experiences every day, we constantly revise our scripts. ( ④ ) It is therefore much more difficult to be well rehearsed. ( ⑤ ) This means that we have to improvise a great deal, saying and doing many things that have not crossed our minds before that very moment.

\*analogy: 비유, 비교

45. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점]

Imagine a woman working contentedly at an interesting job for \$40,000 a year. A new job opportunity arises that offers her \$60,000. She switches jobs, but, alas, after 6 months, the new company goes under. The old company is so happy to take her back, so happy, in fact, that it raises her salary to \$45,000. Is she happy with the raise? Will it even feel like a raise? The answer is probably no. The \$60,000 salary, however briefly it was available, may establish a new baseline for her, so that anything less is taken as a loss. Though six months earlier, a raise from \$40,000 to \$45,000 would have felt wonderful, now it feels like a cut from \$60,000 to \$45,000. What was once good enough, or even better than that, isn't good enough any more.



A(n) \_\_\_\_\_ (A) \_\_\_\_\_ from a good experience may make many of the ordinary pleasures of daily life rather \_\_\_\_\_ (B) \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                                     |                     |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| (A)                                 | (B)                 |
| ① adaptation to pleasure            | ----- intense       |
| ② psychological change              | ----- unforgettable |
| ③ higher self-evaluation            | ----- eternal       |
| ④ changed satisfaction standard     | ----- weak          |
| ⑤ improvement of negotiation skills | ----- significant   |

[46~48] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

(A) During the war with Russia, Napoleon's troops were battling in the middle of a small town, when he was accidentally separated from his men. A group of Russian Cossacks began chasing him through the twisting streets. He ran for his life and ducked into a little furrier's shop. As he entered the shop, gasping for breath, he saw the furrier and cried piteously, "Save me! Where can I hide?" The furrier said, "Quick, under this pile of furs in the corner," and he covered him up with many furs.

(B) Napoleon drew himself up to his full height and said to the furrier indignantly, "How could you ask such a question of me, the Emperor! Guards, take this impudent man out, blindfold and execute (a) him. I myself will personally give the command fire!" The guards dragged him outside, stood him up against a wall, and blindfolded him. The poor man could see nothing, but (b) he could hear the movements of the guards as they slowly shuffled into a line and prepared their rifles. He could feel the wind chilling his cheeks and the uncontrollable trembling in his legs.

(C) Then he heard Napoleon clear his throat and call out slowly, "Ready... aim..." In that moment, knowing that even these sensations were about to be taken from (c) him forever, he felt tears pouring down his cheeks. After a long period of silence, he heard footsteps approaching him and the blindfold was stripped from his eyes. Still partially blinded by the sudden sunlight, (d) he saw a powerful glance looking deeply and intently into his own eyes. Then Napoleon said softly, "Now you know what it is like."

(D) No sooner had he finished than the Russian Cossacks burst in the door, shouting "Where is Napoleon? We saw him come in." They tore his shop apart trying to find him. They poked into the pile of furs with their swords but didn't find him. Soon, they gave up and left. After some time, (e) he crept out from under the furs, unharmed, just as his guards came in the door. The furrier turned to him and said timidly, "Excuse me for asking this question of such a great man, but what was it like to be under those furs, knowing that the next moment would surely be your last?"

\*furrier: 모피상

46. 위 글 (A)에 이어질 내용을 순서에 맞게 배열한 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① (B)-(C)-(D)      ② (B)-(D)-(C)      ③ (C)-(D)-(B)  
④ (D)-(B)-(C)      ⑤ (D)-(C)-(B)

47. 위 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

- ① 나폴레옹은 자신의 호위병을 고의로 따돌렸다.  
② 러시아군은 숨어있는 모피상을 찾지 못했다.  
③ 모피상은 죽음 앞에서도 눈물을 보이지 않았다.  
④ 나폴레옹은 무례한 모피상을 처형했다.  
⑤ 나폴레옹은 모피상의 도움으로 목숨을 건졌다.

48. 밑줄 친 (a)~(e) 중에서 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

- ① (a)      ② (b)      ③ (c)      ④ (d)      ⑤ (e)

[49~50] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

We were on our way to visit an institution in 1954 with our three daughters: Mary, twelve, Joan, nine, and Ruth, eighteen months old. Because of little Ruth, handicapped since birth, we were making this sad and silent trip. We had been advised to place her in a special home. "It will be less of a burden," "Ruth will be better off with children like herself," "Your other children will have a home free of the care of a disabled person."

To break the silence, I flipped on the car radio and heard the voice of a former classmate. I remembered him as a boy without legs. He was now the president of an organization employing persons who are disabled. He told of his childhood and of a conversation with his mother. "When it was time for another handicapped child to be born," his mother explained, "a god and his counselors held a meeting to decide where he should be sent... where there would be a family to love him. Well, our family was chosen."

At this, my wife Edna leaned over and turned off the radio, her eyes shining with unshed tears. "Let's go home," she said. I touched Ruth's tiny face. She looked like a beautiful symbol of innocence. I knew at that moment Ruth was given to us for a purpose. How miraculous it was that the voice of a friend, with whom I'd had no contact for twenty years, should that day speak to me. Mere coincidence? Or was it **a message** from heaven helping us hold on to a little girl who would enrich our lives immeasurably in the years that followed?

49. 밑줄 친 **a message**가 의미하는 바로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① Ruth에게 친구를 만들어 주는 것  
② 오랜 친구에게 연락하는 것  
③ 봉사단체에 가입하는 것  
④ Ruth를 집으로 다시 데려가는 것  
⑤ Ruth에게 특수교육을 받게 하는 것

50. 위 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① My Mother's Greatest Gift  
② Heaven's Very Special Child  
③ The Secret Behind My Success  
④ Innovative System for the Disabled  
⑤ Dream Big; Start from the Beginning

\* 확인 사항

○ 답안지의 해당란에 필요한 내용을 정확히 기입(표기)했는지 확인하시오